1. Prove that there do not exist natural numbers x and y, with x > 1, such that

$$\frac{x^7 - 1}{x - 1} = y^5 + 1 \,.$$

- 2. In a triangle ABC, AD is the altitude from A, and H is the orthocentre. Let K be the centre of the circle passing through D and tangent to BH at H. Prove that the line DK bisects AC.
- 3. Consider the expression

$$2013^2 + 2014^2 + 2015^2 + \dots + n^2$$
.

Prove that there exists a natural number n > 2013 for which one can change a suitable number of plus signs to minus signs in the above expression to make the resulting expression equal 9999.

- 4. Let ABC be a triangle with  $\angle A = 90^{\circ}$  and AB = AC. Let D and E be points on the segment BC such that  $BD : DE : EC = 1 : 2 : \sqrt{3}$ . Prove that  $\angle DAE = 45^{\circ}$ .
- 5. Let  $n \ge 3$  be a natural number and let P be a polygon with n sides. Let  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$  be the lengths of the sides of P and let p be its perimeter. Prove that

$$\frac{a_1}{p-a_1} + \frac{a_2}{p-a_2} + \dots + \frac{a_n}{p-a_n} < 2.$$

6. For a natural number n, let T(n) denote the number of ways we can place n objects of weights  $1, 2, \ldots, n$  on a balance such that the sum of the weights in each pan is the same. Prove that T(100) > T(99).